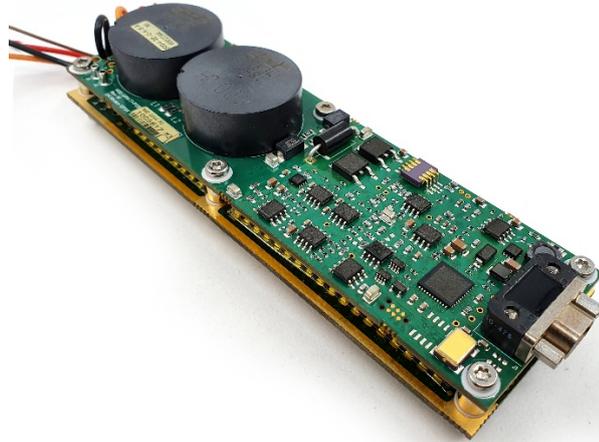




Features

- Up to 600Vdc input voltage
- Up to 8A input current
- Up to 200kbps data rates
- High temperature – 177°C
- TTL Serial interface – data and status
- Transparent data link
- Very compact design
- Easy integration into tools
- High noise redundancy
- Adaptive modulation
- Field proven design



Product Description

The NSE Wireline Telemetry System is used for communication via wireline or powerline. The system consists of two main components: topside unit and one or more downhole modems.

The NSE Wireline Telemetry System operates as a transparent link between the topside user interface/applications and the electronics located in the downhole tool. Serial commands sent from a computer to the topside modem are modulated and superimposed on the power cable. This signal is demodulated and converted back to conventional serial commands (TTL or CANBus) in the downhole modem.

The modems are designed to communicate over wire- or powerlines. Even if monoconductor wireline is the main use, the versatility of the system has made it popular in other applications such as coiled tubing and subsea backup communication system.

NSE Wireline Telemetry Systems are deployed worldwide and cover all applications from power tools, such as tractor and stokers, to low power sensor and data acquisition tools. The reliability of the link allows data transfer in very noisy conditions over difficult cables and the system will optimize data rates for the given setup.

The system requires very little user interaction. In most cases the modems will autotune to the correct gain and frequency settings for a cable. During operation the system is continuously adapting to the conditions on the line in order to optimize the signal to noise ratio.

The system is addressable so several down hole modems can communicate with one topside modem and has a broad input voltage range.

1 Table of NSE HT Downhole modems

Product Number / Name	Required Internal Dia.	Chassis / Assembly Length	Max. Wireline Current	Noise immun.	Gateway Processor & CANBus	Internal PSU High Volt. -> Low Volt.
NSE-5004-02 NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 55mm	55mm	142mm	8A	High	NO	NO
NSE-5004-10 NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 38mm	38mm	243mm	4A	Medium	Optional	NO
NSE-5004-11 NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 32mm ex. PSU	32mm	304mm	2A	Medium	YES	NO
NSE-5004-16 NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 32mm with PSU	32mm	304mm	2A	Medium	YES	YES

2 Product Specification

2.1 Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Conditions / Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
WIRES LINE INTERFACE					
Input High Voltage	<i>Continuous</i>	0		600	Vdc
Input Transient Voltage	<i>Single transient < 1sec</i>			900	V
Wireline Current	<i>Continuous</i>	0		8	Adc
Wireline Filter Inductance		140		200	uH
Wireline Series Resistance				100	mΩ
LOW VOLTAGE SUPPLY					
Input supply voltage		18		30	Vdc
Input supply current	<i>Receive / Idle @ 24Vdc input</i>		30		mA
Input supply current	<i>Transmit @ 24Vdc - pulse</i>			150	mA

TRANSMISSION PARAMETERS				
Uplink frequency range	<i>Centre frequency</i>	20*	45	<i>kHz</i>
Uplink data rate	<i>Payload data available to user</i>		200	<i>kbit/sec</i>
Downlink frequency range	<i>Centre frequency</i>	24	30	<i>kHz</i>
Downlink data rate	<i>Payload data available to user</i>		16	<i>kbit/sec</i>
Adaptive Filter Tuning	<i>Continuous - to optimize SNR</i>		YES	
Adaptive Modulation	<i>Uplink – to optimize data rates</i>		YES	
Automatic gain control	<i>Uplink and downlink</i>		YES	
Data redundancy check	<i>8 bit</i>		YES	
Automatic retransmission	<i>Modems will retransmit if CRC fails</i>		YES	
DATA INTERFACE				
UART Serial Data port	<i>TTL Level, 3.3V</i>		YES	
UART Serial Status port	<i>TTL Level, 3.3V</i>		YES	
UART Serial Data port bit rate	<i>Consult NSE for full table</i>	9.600	375.000	<i>bit/sec</i>
UART Serial Status port bit rate	<i>Fixed data rate</i>		125.000	<i>bit/sec</i>
Gateway processor installed			NO	
CANBus data interface			NO	
CANbus bit rate			N/A	
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS				
Assembly Length	<i>Excluding connector</i>		142	<i>mm</i>
Assembly Width			46	<i>mm</i>
Assembly Height			25,5	<i>mm</i>
INTERNAL SENSORS				
Temperature sensor range	<i>Reading available on status port</i>	-20	190	<i>°C</i>
ENVIRONMENTAL AND THERMAL				
<i>Ambient temperature</i>	<i>Min and Max temperature on the surface of outer housing given that thermal resistance is within the specification</i>	-20	177	<i>°C</i>
<i>Thermal Resistance</i>	<i>Surface of OUTER HOUSING to NSE UNIT</i>		0.5	<i>°C/W</i>
	<i>*Refer to the Section "Thermal properties" for further definition</i>			
OPERATIONAL LIFETIME				
<i>Expected Lifetime</i>	<i>< 125°C Ambient Temperature</i>	2000		<i>Hours</i>
	<i>125 - 150°C (4 x acc. factor)</i>	500		<i>Hours</i>
	<i>150- 177°C (8 x acc. factor)</i>	250		<i>Hours</i>

2.2 Thermal properties

The NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 55mm is designed to operate in a 177°C environment.

In a typical assembly, the **NSE UNIT** is mounted to a **MOUNTING PROFILE** that is located inside an **OUTER HOUSING**.

The **OUTER HOUSING** surface temperature should not rise above the specified maximum ambient temperature, and the mechanical design and interface between the **OUTER HOUSING, MOUNTING PROFILE** and the **NSE UNIT** should be such that the thermal resistance specification is achieved.



2.3 Conformal Coating

This product is delivered with no conformal coating.

2.4 Environmental requirements

NSE boards must be installed in dry air at atmospheric pressure (1atm). Avoid humid atmosphere or under / overpressure. Refer to general NSE installation guidelines for more information.

2.5 Standard- and long range version

The NSE HT Downhole Telemetry 55mm can be supplied in 2 versions:

- Standard version
- Long Range version

The difference between the 2 versions is that the long range version support operation on longer cables with more attenuation as both the receiver and transmitter chain has higher gain and can work at lower frequencies.

The drawback is that the long range modems are more susceptible to noise and will require additional filtering if being used with loads that generate significant noise, such as motor controllers. The standard version is recommended for most application and will work on the majority of cables available.

2.6 Cable types supported

The NSE Downhole telemetry system was developed to work on wireline cables, but has proven to provide reliable links on a variety of cable and setups such as:

- Wireline, Monoconductor cables
- Wireline, Hepta cables
- Coiled tubing with electrical lines
- Coiled tubing with hybrid (electro and fibre) cables
- TEC Downhole Cables
- Various Subsea cables
- Twisted pair

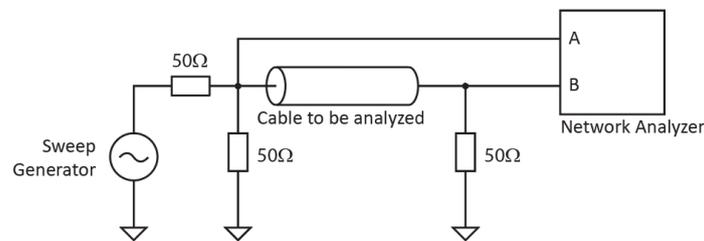
The versatility and adaptive algorithms of the telemetry means that it will work on a very broad range of cable. Contact NSE if you have questions about specific cable types or setup.

2.7 Telemetry range

The maximum supported cable length of the modem depend on several factors:

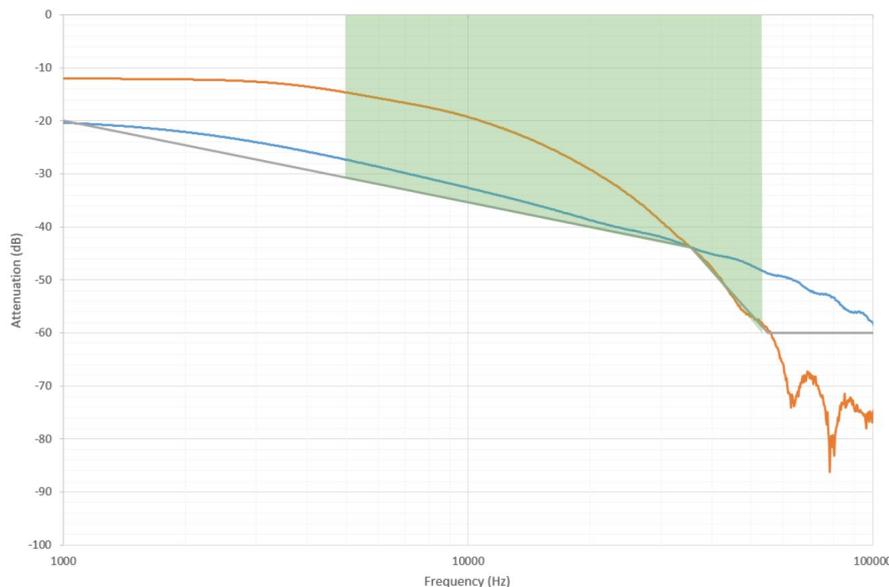
- Cable type and characteristics
- Connections from the topside modem to the cable head / winch
- Connections and grounding in the tool itself
- Ground loops and ground induced noise
- Sources of noise downhole such as - motor controller, power converters and sensors
- Sources of noise topside such as - power supplies, electrical winches, hydraulic power packs and generators

In order to provide a reference for the telemetry we use 2 cable characteristics as the maximum limit for the range of the standard modem setup. Note that in most cases, the telemetry will operate fine on even longer cables than these references, but they serve as a guideline. Long range modems will support cables setups with higher attenuation.



Measurement circuit for cable references

The graph below shows the attenuation plot of the reference cables with the overlay of a green area ranging between 5 to 55kHz. In this area the attenuation of the cable should not be below the limit indicated. As can be seen, both the reference cables are within the green area for the frequency range of interest.

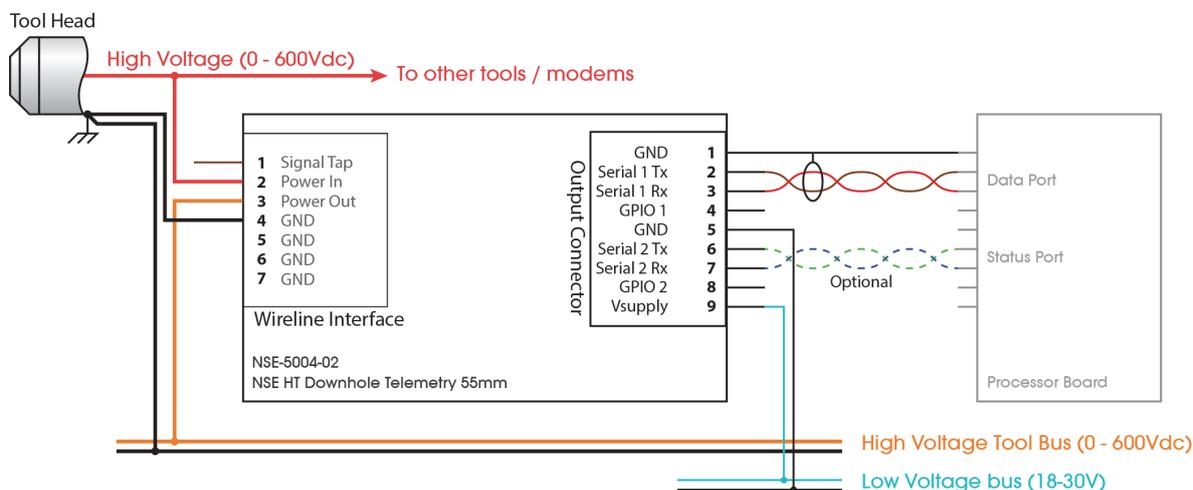


Reference Cable 1
 Length 9.1km / 30kft
 Camesa 5/16
 1N32WTZ
 (Corrosion resistant)

Reference Cable 2
 Length 9.1km / 30kft
 Camesa 5/16
 1N32PTZ

3 Connections

3.1 Overview



3.2 Input Connections

Term.	Signal name / Wire type	Description / Function	Connector Pinout (Face View)
1	Signal Tap AWG 24, BROWN	Internally short circuited to Power In. Can be used to bypass the modem DH filter. Consult NSE for use and wiring	
2	Power In AWG 20, RED	HV Power in to the DH Modem. This should come directly from the topside modem powerline output (through the wireline).	
3	Power Out AWG 20, ORANGE	HV Power out to the HV Tool bus / load of the system	
4-7	GND AWG 20, BLACK	Ground Connections. Should held the same potential as the GND pin on the signal connector.	

3.3 Output connector

Modem Connector: **High temp M83513-A01CP**
 Suggested mating connector: **NSE-5004-02-CON**

Pin	Signal name	Description / Function	Connector Pinout (Face View)
1	GND	Low voltage ground connection.	
2	SERIAL 1 TX	Serial Data 1 Out from modem.	
3	SERIAL 1 RX	Serial Data 1 In to modem.	
4	GPIO 1	GPIO pin 1. Can be used for special purposes. Consult NSE for use of this pin. Normally not connected.	
5	GND	Low voltage ground connection.	
6	SERIAL 2 TX	Status Data Out from modem / Serial Data 2 Out from modem.	
7	SERIAL 2 RX	Status Data 2 In to modem / Serial Data 2 In to modem.	
8	GPIO 2	GPIO pin 2. Can be used for special purposes. Consult NSE for use of this pin. Normally not connected.	
9	V_Supply	Low voltage supply voltage.	

4 Features

The NSE Telemetry is continuously being updated and updates are provided for free to our customers. Below is a list of the main (but not all) features of the telemetry system. Consult NSE for further questions or inquiries about the features and advantages of the NSE Telemetry system.

Feature	Description
Transparent data port	<p>The data being sent and received on the data port is the exact same bytes as you receive and send on the topside modem. No framing or encryption is necessary. The purpose of the modem is to be a transparent datalink from your topside user interface to the tool.</p> <p>Note that topside and downhole modem can have different baudrates and that the latency on the data can have some variation as the modem will buffer data and send it over the line in packages.</p>
High Power Wireline Filter	<p>The down hole modem has a high power wireline filter design to separate the communication signal from the power being fed to the tool.</p> <p>The high power filter will handle the currents (within specifications) and voltages normally being seen on a wireline and will help to improve the signal to noise ratio on demanding loads such as motor controllers and power converters.</p> <p>If further filtering than the standard filter is required, NSE will help design and implement this.</p>
Automatic Link Tuning	<p>The first time the modems are powered up on a new cable, the topside and downhole modems will analyse the cable and work out the best settings for modulation, gains and frequencies. No user interaction is required here, and this feature ensure optimum data rates and signal quality for a given cable.</p> <p>The feature can be disabled if the user wants to set the parameters themselves.</p>
Adaptive filter tuning	<p>Once the link has been established the modems will continuously work to adapt to the cable by updating the digital filter coefficients. The updates are being done several times per second and ensure that the link will maintain the highest possible signal to noise ratio even when conditions such as spooling out the cable, temperature and load, changes.</p>
Adaptive modulation	<p>The adaptive modulation will increase the modulation rate in steps (hence the available data rates) when the signal to noise ratio is better than defined thresholds. In this way the user will always have the best possible data rate for the actual condition (cable and noise) at the same time as the modem will ensure to lower the data rates if noise levels increase.</p> <p>It is possible to set the modems to a “safe” mode where the system will optimize frequency and modulation for noisy conditions rather than “performance” mode where the modem will optimize for the highest possible data rates.</p>

CRC and automatic retransmissions	<p>All data being sent over the wireline are being CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) checked when received and if the modems detect a failed CRC it will request that the data are being retransmitted (up to 4 times).</p> <p>All CRC events, retransmissions and package loss (if resending a package 4 times fail, the package is dropped) are being tracked and the count of these events can be read out over the status port.</p>
Addressable	<p>The down hole modems are addressable and several down hole modems can be connected in parallel. On topside modem one choose which modem to talk to by selecting a destination address.</p>
Data buffering	<p>When data is being fed to the modems on the serial port, the data are being buffered until they are transmitted over the wireline. Both the topside modems and the downhole modems have a defined buffer space in order to temporarily store bytes that are not immediately sent.</p> <p>The status of the serial buffers can be monitored through the status port in order to optimize the data flow into the modems and to prevent overflowing the serial buffers. Flow control mechanism can also be enabled if required.</p>

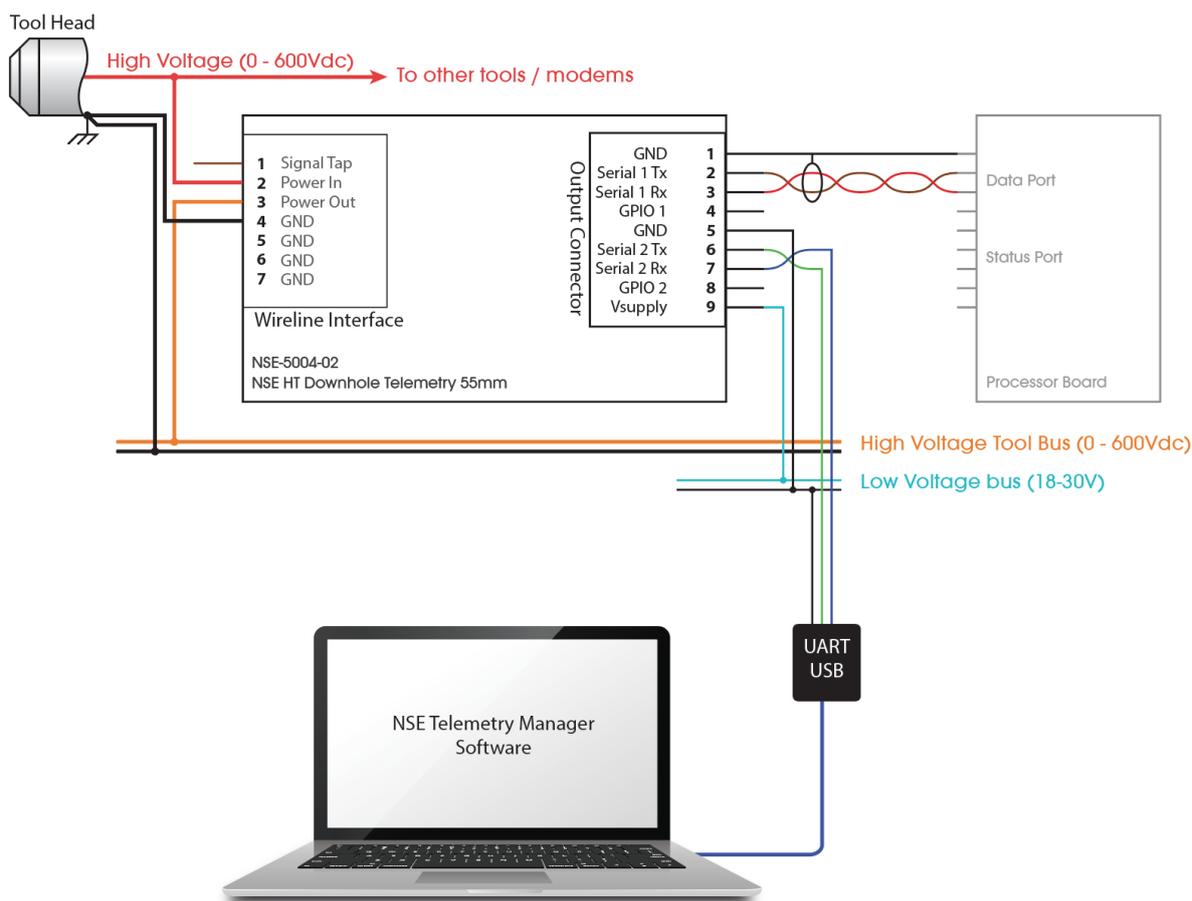
4.1 Bootloader

The controller is provided with a bootloader that allows for easy updates of the firmware. NSE is constantly making improvements and adding features to its firmware-base and the bootloader allows the customer to upgrade a controller if desired.

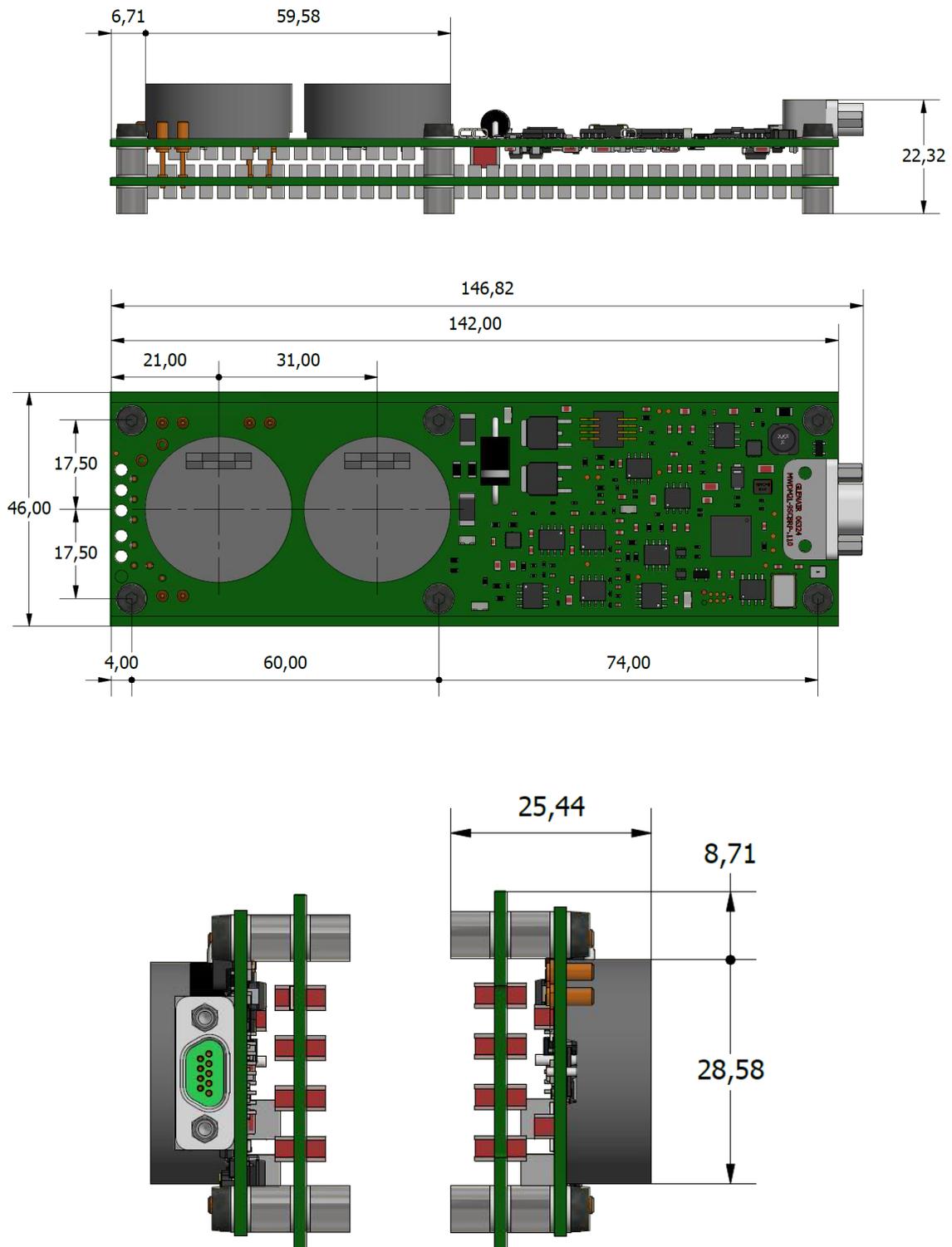
5 Graphical User Interface

The “NSE Telemetry Manager” software (graphical user interface) is a free of charge software that can be used to set up and monitor the telemetry system. The software uses the status port to communicate with the modem and although the telemetry manager is typically connected to the topside modem, it can be useful to connect to the downhole modem as well, during setup and testing.

The “NSE Telemetry Manager” will display all relevant data from the telemetry and can trend- and download all parameters. Data from a test can be uploaded directly to NSE servers in order to ease support and faultfinding.



6 Mechanical Dimensions



7 Datasheet Revision History

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PREP	APPR
A	17.09.2020	Initial release	RFY	GLK

8 Product code

Product code:		NSE-5004	-02	-Y-Y-Y	-X
Category	NSE-5004	= NSE Telemetry			
Model	-02	= HT DH Telemetry 55mm			
Reserved Option codes					
Version	-A	= Standard version			
	-F	= Long Range version			

8.1 Where to buy

Email: sales@nse.no
 Web: www.nse.no
 Phone: +47 406 48 400